



aerobic exercise, posture and work ergonomics

Presented by Leah Hearle Tuesday, 8th October 2014

Health

State of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease and infirmity.

World Health Organisation

Sedentary behaviours
(from the Latin sedere,
"to sit") include sitting
during commuting, in
the workplace and the
domestic
environment, and
during leisure time.



Energy expenditure

- **№** Sitting: 1.0 1.5 METs
- Moderate-to-vigorous physical activity cycling, swimming, walking: 3 - 8 METs

We spend more than half of our waking hours involved in sedentary behaviour

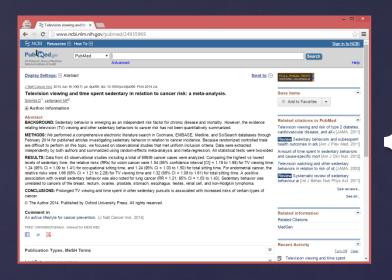


The literature



Even when adults meet physical activity guidelines, sitting for prolonged periods can compromise metabolic health. TV time and objective-measurement studies show deleterious associations, and breaking up sedentary time is beneficial. Sitting time, TV time, and time sitting in automobiles increase premature mortality risk.

Research: Sitting too much



Prolonged TV viewing and time spent in other sedentary pursuits is associated with increased risks of certain types of cancer.

Research: TV viewing risks



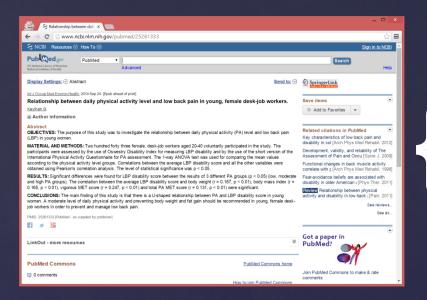
"It doesn't matter if you go running every morning, or you're a regular at the gym. If you spend most of the rest of the day sitting, in your car, your office chair, on your sofa at home, you are putting yourself at increased risk of obesity, diabetes, heart disease, a variety of cancers and an early death."

Literature: The chair is your enemy

Confirmed: He who sits the most dies the soonest!

"Its most striking finding was that people who sat more than 11 hours a day had a 40% higher risk of dying in the next three years than people who sat less than four hours a day. This was after adjusting for factors such as age, weight, physical activity and general health status, all of which affect the death risk. It also found a clear dose-response effect: the more people sat, the higher their risk of death."

Literature: Sitting down is the new smoking



A moderate level of daily physical activity and preventing body weight and fat gain should be recommended in young, female desk-job workers in order to prevent and manage low back pain.

Research: lower back pain



Health benefits of physical activity: the evidence

Darren E.R. Warburton, Crystal Whitney Nicol, Shannon S.D. Bredin

We confirm that there is irrefutable evidence of the effectiveness of regular physical activity in the primary and secondary prevention of several chronic diseases (cardiovascular disease, diabetes, cancer, hypertension, obesity, depression and osteoporosis) and premature death

Literature: effectiveness

"Primary Recommendation: To promote and maintain health moderate-intensity aerobic (endurance) physical activity for a minimum of 30 min on five days each week or vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity for a minimum of 20 min on three days each week"



Literature: Primary recommendation



Increased physical activity is associated with improvements in numerous health conditions, including coronary artery disease, hypertension, stroke, insulin sensitivity, osteoporosis, and depression.

Research: Using pedometers



Revisiting "How Many Steps Are Enough?"

CATRINE TUDOR-LOCKE¹, YOSHIRO HATANO³, ROBERT P. PANGRAZI², and MINSOO KANG⁴

¹Walking Behavior Laboratory, Pennington Biomedical Research Center, Baton Rogue, LA; ²Physical Education, Arizona State University, Mesa, AZ; ³Kyushu University of Health and Welfare, Kyushu, JAPAN; and ⁴Department of Health and Human Performance, Middle Tennessee State University, Murfreesboro, TN



 $5,000 \rightarrow 10,000 \text{ steps!}$

Literature: How many steps are enough?



While this study found an association between aerobic exercise and mood, quality of life and risk of an earlier death.
...aerobic exercise was associated with a reduced risk of depression and an

associated with a reduced risk of depression and an increased health-related quality of life for dialysis patients with heart failure.

Literature: Quality of life

- 1. Stand More Every 30 minutes get up and walk around. Also take phone calls standing up, and do stand up meetings.
- 2. Change Your Commute Try parking a little bit further, or getting off the bus or tube one stop earlier, just something to at least get you moving more.
- 3. Walk And Talk Walking meetings are a cool way to conduct your meetings.

- 4. Optimize TV Time Try doing star jumps or some stretches during ad breaks.
- 5. Eat Better Eating healthy is important, since you're doing so much damage to your body by sitting, the least you could do is try and feed your body good food.
- 6. Use Tools Invest in a Fitbit or Jawbone Up, and monitor how you move, and make sure to optimize.

What can I do about it?



Exercises and posture awareness.

A pain in the neck?



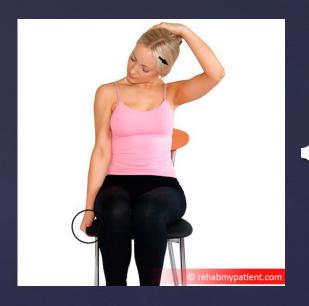
For every 2cm of forward head posture, it can increase the weight of the head on the spine by an additional 3.5kg.

Normal posture

5cm (2in) forward

7.5cm (3in) forward

How heavy is your head?



Bend your neck forwards, and then side-bend your neck by taking your left ear towards your left shoulder. Hold on to a chair to make the stretch stronger. This will allow you to feel a stretch at the back and side of your neck. You can make the stretch stronger by assisting with your hand.

Levator scapulae stretch



Placing both hands behind your head, attempt to pull your head backwards while tucking your chin in slightly, but resist this movement with your hands. Keep your head still. You will feel a gentle contraction of the muscles at the back of the neck.

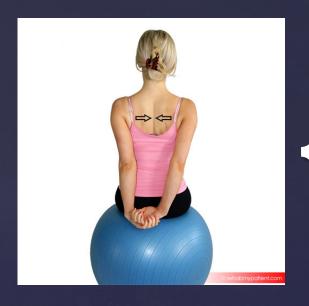
Isometric neck retraction



Standing/sitting, with good posture, pull your arms backwards while squeezing your shoulder blades together. You will feel a muscular contraction around and between your shoulder blades.

Standing/sitting retraction

Part 1



Standing/sitting, with good posture, pull your arms backwards while squeezing your shoulder blades together, and joining your hands. You will feel a muscular contraction around and between your shoulder blades.

Standing/sitting retraction

Part 2



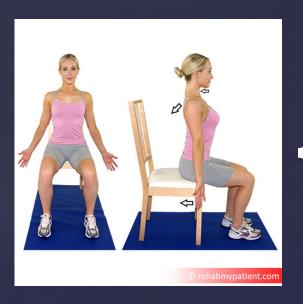
Sit down with good posture, tuck your chin down slightly, and hold your fingers under your skull. Try to elongate your neck and pull your skull upwards with your fingers. You should feel a gentle stretch at the top of your neck under your fingers. Stop immediately if you get any dizziness. Hold the stretch, and relax.

Sub-occipital stretch



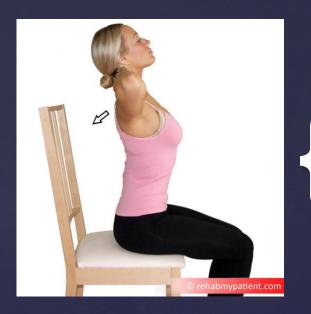
Bend your neck to the side by taking your left ear towards your left shoulder. Now tuck your chin towards your chest. Hold the stretch, and relax. You can use your hand to gently assist. This will allow you to feel a stretch at the back and side of your neck.

Neck flexion with side flexion



Sit on the edge of a chair, and open your legs and allow them to relax outwards. Keep your body and spine tall, lift the crown of your head towards the ceiling, and arch your lower back slightly. Turn your arms outwards so your palms are facing forwards, and draw your shoulder blades down and towards the midline. Make a gentle double chin with your head at the same time. Breathe deeply throughout. You will feel a stretch across your chest and front, as well as muscles working in your back, all helping to improve your posture.

Bruegger's Posture sitting



Support your neck by placing your hands interlocked behind your neck. Rounds you lower back slightly, to focus the movement to the upper back, and slowly bend backwards.

Sitting extension



Sitting upright on a Swiss ball, support your neck by placing your hands interlocked behind your neck. Rounds you lower back slightly, to focus the movement to the upper back, and slowly bend backwards.

Swiss ball sitting extension



Place a foam roller vertically under your spine and lie flat on your back with your knees bent. To make the exercise harder, you can drop your neck to the floor, or straighten your legs. You can also lay your arms out to the side. Start with a 10cm (4in) diameter roller and progress to a 15cm (6in) roller. This exercise can help improve mobility to the spine and improve posture.

Foam roller thoracic

Extension vertical



Place a foam roller under your spine and lie flat on your back with your knees bent. You can place the roller anywhere along the upper back, but one of the best places is right underneath the shoulder blades. Slowly roll your spine over the foam roller, and you will feel it pushing up into your back. Start with a 10cm (4in) diameter roller and progress to a 15cm (6in) roller. This exercise can help improve mobility to the spine and improve posture.

Foam roller thoracic

Extension horizontal



Support your neck by placing your hands interlocked behind your neck, and slowly bend backwards and to the side. Repeat to each side. This exercise will help mobility in the spinal joints.

Sitting extension with side flexion



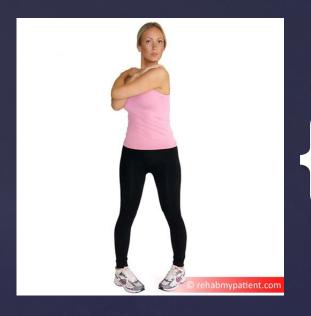
Sitting on a ball with your hands interlocked behind your neck, or across your shoulders, and slowly bend to the side. Repeat to each side. This exercise will help stretch your spine.

Swiss ball side flexion



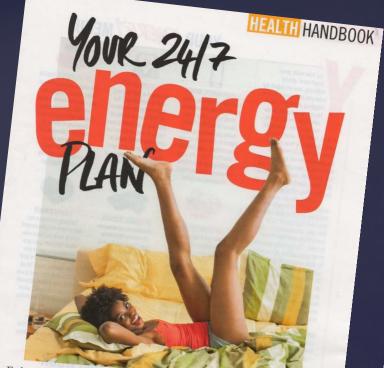
Sit upright on a Swiss ball, with your feet flat on the floor. Cross your arms over your shoulders. Twist to one side keeping your head and hips still. Repeat to the opposite side. This exercise is a mobility exercise for the spine.

Swiss ball sitting rotation



Stand with your feet shoulder width apart and your feet turned inwards. Cross your arms over your shoulders. Twist your spine to one side as far as comfortable. Keep your spine upright. Repeat to the opposite side. This exercise is a mobility exercise for the spine.

Standing rotation hips locked



Exhausted? Burnt out? Tetchy? Here's how to beat the tiredness

trap and feel this perky, all day. By Kate Faithfull-Williams THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND

YOUR ENERGY MENU

ou row with your boyfriend about nothing, are enraged by unexpected items in the bagging area and want to cry when your boss asks the tiniest thing... we all know how hard it is to function when we're tired. In fact, a new study from the New Economics Foundation think tank reveals that one in two people in the

MODGANITION

UK say that, more often than not, they don't feel fresh and rested when they wake up. In other words, we have a problem - although sleep

troubles brew in the bedroom, the real nightmare is in the day, when fatigue makes everything feel ten times harder. "It impacts everything from your sense of humour to your career, weight and relationships," explains Dr Nerina Ramlakhan, author of Tired But Wired. "Sleep is only one way of recovering energy. You need to look after yourself emotionally, mentally and nutritionally."

So, if you're tired of feeling tired, read on for GLAMOUR's scientifically proven guide to boosting your energy by day - and sleeping well at night.

7.30AM WATER, WATER Even mild dehydration makes you feel sleepy and unable to focus, says a study in the Journal Of Nutrition. "Water makes you more alert, helps digestion and speeds up your metabolism," says dietitian Helen Bond, Gulp a big glass first thing, and keep sipping all morning: your pee should be pale by lunchtime.



1PM POWER LUNCH Carbs get a bad press, but ditching them can make you forgetful and tired. Unlike the sugary, refined kind, complex carbs such as sweet potato, wholegrain rice and quinoa give your brain the glucose it needs, without the spinny high and tanking low. Try a big sweet potato salad with feta and colourful vegetables



8AM BREAKFAST "Breakfast is vital for sleep," says Dr Ramlakhan, "You have a metabolic window in the first hours of the day to show your body there's a good supply of food, so it can relax and sleep when it needs to." Poached eggs on wholegrain toast give a good balance of protein, fat and complex carbs to fuel your day.



3PM CHOC O'CLOCK Chocolate is a good source of caffeine, but there's more. Flavonoids found in chocolate boost your mood and your brain power, say neuroscientists in a Journal Of Psychopharmacology study. Cheap chocolate won't cut it: you need a dark bar with 70% cocoa to reap the rewards.



10.30AM COFFEE BREAK You need a caffeine hit most when natural energy levels dip - and mid-morning is the best time, say researchers from the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences in Maryland, US It's when the level of



alertness hormone

cortisol drops from its

7,30PM DINNER "Lethargy could be a sign you're low in iron, the mineral used to make red blood cells, which help store and carry energising oxygen in your blood," says Bond. The best iron-boosting meal? Steak and broccoli. Red meat is one of the best sources; broccoli is rich in vitamin C, which helps your body absorb iron.



10PM SIP A CUP OF CHAMOMILE BEFORE BED

A study in the journal Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin concludes that chamomile tea significantly decreases the time it takes you to fall asleep.

Five things to say No! to this week

THE COLLEAGUE WHO DUMPS HER WORKLOAD ON YOUR DESK.

BUT SPARK-FREE GUY

NIGHTS THIS WEEK.

THAT SO-SO PARTY, IF

YOU'VE BEEN OUT THREE WHO'S FLAKED OUT ON YOU COUNTLESS TIMES. BIRTHDAY GIFT AGAIN >

290 GLAMOUR

HEALTH HANDBOOK

Why you need to get MOVING

Exercise is the single known thing you can do to boost energy during the day and improve the quality of your sleep at night.

START WITH STAR JUMPS

Heart-pumping cardio is the best way to rev up in the morning as it increases blood flow and sends oxygen to all your muscles," says osteopath Leah Hearle. No time

Th

QUIT COMPET

OK, you're tire

playing 'I'm r

shattered than

with colleagu

destructive.

doesn't score

sympathy, it cr

arguments wi

drain your ener

precious comm

if you're already says Dr Ramlal

FATIGUE

She pres

KNOW YOUR BBC

Slumping over your keyboard all day fatigues muscles fast. "Remember BBC: Butt to Back of Chair," advises Hearle. "Use the back as a support and tuck your feet under your desk. You should be able to type without moving your elbows away

from your body."

LUNCHTIME IS GYM TIME

Research from Stockholm University shows that exercise increases productivity so much, it makes up for the time pent out of the office. he Swedish scientists say the best time to

> GOODBYE, CHAIR Get up as much as you can to sidestep tiredness," says Hearle. Suggest 'walking

meetings' for one-on-ones with colleagues, where you get outside and let ideas flow as you move. They might igh now, but this time next week they'll be begging you to walk 'n' talk.

at your desk

YOURSELF

Losing your temper when you're tired and stressed is normal, so apologise, then on't berate yourself further," says Shafran. "Guilt drains your emotional energy."

AND... BREATHE "Take a minute to do

deep diaphragmatic breaths - the extra oxygen is calming and energising," adds Shafran. "Inhale slowly through your nose, breathing into your lower belly. Hold for two seconds, then exhale slowly through the mouth; wait a few seconds, repeat." ▶

Digital traps to dodge

EMAILS BEFORE BED

here's a clear link between the diquitousness of smartphones and the rise in sleep problems, says the National Sleep Foundation. Reading emails late at night makes you worry about everything you

BLUE LIGHT IN YOUR BEDROOM

Electronic devices emit a thort-wavelength light that interfere with production of sleepy hormone melatonin, says the European Sleep Research Society. Switch off your mobile, tablet and TV and you'll switch off too.

SLEEP APPS

"To sleep, you need to stop measuring and let go," says Ramlakhan, "Trackers make slee high-pressure event. It's normal to wake in the night, but if you then ook at data, your brain switches on and takes longer to get back to deep sleep."

in us for our perms. BATHE IN SLEEPY SALTS

MAKE THIS

YOUR

NIGHTTIME

ROUTINE

The evening is your buffer-zone at

the end of a busy day. Here's how

to make your downtime count...

WEAR A ONESIE

Lying on the sofa recharges your

batteries way more effectively when

you're warm and cosy, according to

research from the Psychiatric

Hospital of the University of

Basel in Switzerland.

LAUGH

Researchers at Indiana State

University School of Nursing found

that laughing can boost energy.

Need inspiration? Watch Inside

Amy Schumer (Comedy Central),

because we too have wondered

if guys are only interested

70% of us are deficient in magnesium, which relaxes muscles and encourages deep sleep. You can absorb it through the skin, so try two cups of Epsom Salts (£1.49 boots.com) in your bath.

LIGHT A CANDLE

In dim light, the pineal gland in your brain secretes melatonin. which tells your body that it's time

SLEEP ON YOUR BACK

"It makes it easy for your head, neck and spine to maintain a neutral position, which means more restorative oxygen flow to your brain," says Hearle. @



INSOMNIA SOS

It's time to take the pressure off

SAY THANK YOU

"The number one thing I've found helps insomniacs is doing a simple gratitude exercise." says Dr Ramlakhan, who has a sleep clinic at the Capio Nightingale Hospital, London, "When you get into bed, think of five good things that happened today. Perhaps you got a seat on a busy train, received a sweet text from a friend or did work you're proud of. Listing reasons to be thankful drops your stress levels almost immediately."

GOOD REST TOPS POOR SLEEP

"The more you pressure yourself to sleep, the less likely you are to

how quickly you get to sleep when you take the pressure off." BOYCOTT THE BEDROOF

Dr Ramlakhan, "So tell yourself

it doesn't matter if you don't

sleep tonight, 'I'll just use the

time to rest.' You'll be surprised

actually fall

asleep,' says

Still tossing and turning?

A new study from Harvar Medical School shows th getting up and pottering another room for 20 min will speed your return to slumber. When you get into bed, you're relaxed less afraid of sleeplessr

294 GLAMOUR

GLAMOUR 293

